

# Index

- ablation resistance 30, 32
- ablative thermal shield 26
- ablator 27, 29
- ABS *see* acrylonitrile butadiene styrene
- absorbent pads 254, 255
- acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) 41, 125
- adhesion 132, 135–137, 171, 181, 183, 184
  - bacterial 173, 184
  - fungal 176
  - interfacial 131
- aerosol head 130
- aerospace 23, 26, 45, 48, 61, 145, 200
- aerospace system 201
- aerothermodynamics 205, 240
- aircraft 3, 24
  - commercial 50, 61
- airflow 48, 111
- alloy 39, 43, 45, 127, 256
  - aluminum 125, 174
  - ferrosilicon metallic 127
  - high-strength steel 48
  - molten metal 124
  - refractory 72
  - titanium 48
- ammunition 258
- anisotropy 72, 98, 100, 143, 144
- annealing 53, 86
- antenna 49, 131, 144, 216, 260
- AO *see* atomic oxygen
- APC *see* armored personnel carrier
- APP *see* aromatic polyamide phenylene
- application
  - aerospace 25, 61
  - data transmission 7
  - defense 158
  - engineering 214
  - environmental 245
  - harsh-environment 154
  - high-temperature 123, 156
  - satellite 23
  - space-based 142
  - space power 4
  - space-wearable 144
  - terrestrial 222
  - tribological 90
- armored personnel carrier (APC) 112, 113
- aromatic polyamide phenylene (APP) 72, 73, 89, 92, 93, 104, 106, 112
- artificial stone 256
- Aspergillus niger* 188
- astronaut 131, 159, 201, 227
- astronaut health management 51
- atmosphere 129, 137, 171
  - dry oxygen 56
  - inert 41
- atmospheric plasma spray 34
- atomic oxygen (AO) 6, 126–130
- bacteria 170–175, 178, 182–184, 187, 227
- bandage 254, 255
- battery 1, 7–9, 157, 220–222, 253, 260
  - lithium-ion 222
  - nickel–metal–hydride 8
  - rechargeable 221
- beater drum 109
- behavior
  - antibacterial 179, 182, 188

- antifungal 175
- antimicrobial 170
- mechanical 10, 26, 170
- optical 201
- photovoltaic conversion 10
- rheological 146
- binder 9, 35, 106, 124, 127, 152, 153
  - ceramic 72
  - energetic 240
  - organic 35
  - polymer 76
- biocide 173, 174, 187, 235, 254
- biodegradation 176, 188
- biofilm 170, 171, 173, 188
- biofilm formation 171, 173, 187, 189
- Bravais lattice vectors 4
- bronze 75, 96, 104–106, 111
- budget 2, 3, 193, 195, 196
- CAD *see* computer-aided design
- C. albicans* 175, 176, 182, 188
- carbon fiber (CF) 71, 72, 74, 75, 78, 87–92, 96, 98, 100–102, 106, 107, 109, 135–139, 143
- carbon nanofiber (CNF) 28, 30, 51
- carbon nanotube (CNT) 4–9, 25, 28, 30, 41, 43, 51, 61, 72, 74, 79, 80, 91, 135–138, 141, 207
- carbon plastic (CP) 106, 107, 148
- catalyst 60, 79, 80
- ceramic foam 154
- ceramic matrix composite (CMC) 26, 71, 140
- ceramics 26, 45, 130, 144, 145, 151, 153–155, 157, 160, 177, 181, 211
- ceramic topcoat 33, 34, 37
- CF *see* carbon fiber
- CF-reinforced plastic 71, 92, 94, 107, 109
- CFU *see* colony-forming unit
- CM *see* composite material
- CMC *see* ceramic matrix composite
- CNF *see* carbon nanofiber
- CNT *see* carbon nanotube
- coating 5, 34, 42, 127, 177–179, 181–184, 186, 188, 207, 226, 244
  - antibacterial 177
  - protective 127
  - sprayed 34
  - thin-layer 78
  - wear-resistant 25, 61, 238
- coefficient 33, 92, 133
  - friction 77, 91, 93–95, 102, 103, 105–108, 112
  - molar extinction 148
  - transmission 133
- colony-forming unit (CFU) 175, 176, 184
- components 24, 26, 33, 48, 49, 51, 78, 85, 97, 101, 140, 150, 153, 157–159
  - aerospace 48, 49, 145
  - aerospace propulsion 160
  - aerospace vehicle 3
  - ceramic 152, 153
  - COTS components 157
  - electronic 25, 215, 268
  - ink 131
  - inorganic water 171
  - load-carrying 49
  - nanofiller 41
  - optical 57
  - real 39
  - semiconductors 215
  - space power 2
  - thermoelectric 227
  - thin-film 221
- composite material (CM) 4, 5, 26, 30, 72–77, 94, 100, 105, 106, 108, 109, 111, 112, 143, 207
- computer-aided design (CAD) 124, 142, 146, 147
- conditions 48, 85, 87, 95, 132, 158, 159, 186, 189

- aerothermal 26
- extreme 109, 110, 128
- harsh environmental 206
- nutrient 171
- thermochemical 32
- conductivity 8, 25, 88, 89, 105, 108, 123, 134
- contact area 105, 135–137
- contact electrification 128
- contact force 135, 136
- contact killing 174
- conversion 137, 149, 224, 253, 260
  - pyrolytic 150
  - subgap 12
- corrosion 7, 128, 144, 256
- cosmonautics 256
- country code 211, 218, 225, 230, 237, 242, 261
- CP *see* carbon plastic
- Czochralski method 51
  
- data processing systems 260
- debt financing 195, 197
- DED *see* direct energy deposition
- defects 10, 13, 43, 54, 85, 86
- deformation 2, 47, 160
- degradation 6, 53, 127, 134, 158, 160
- delamination 28, 128, 133
- density 4, 15, 31, 38, 53, 98, 128, 137, 154, 155
- deposition 34, 40, 42, 46, 146, 153, 179, 181
  - atomic layer 127
  - energy 44–47
  - solid-based fused 145
  - thin-film 2
- dermis 180, 185, 186
- device 3, 10, 12, 23, 25, 49, 57–59, 61, 213, 216, 219, 254, 255, 259, 260
  - biomedical 121
  - collateral 59
  - conventional deployable 160
  - electric solid-state 216, 253
  - energy conversion 7
  - energy conversion/storage 220
  - feeding 46
  - lighting 259
  - macroscale optomechanical 56
  - micromechanical 233
  - nanoelectronic 215
  - optical 25
  - photonic 24, 26
  - photovoltaic 10
  - rotary 113
  - safety 24, 26
  - semiconductor 216, 224, 253, 260
  - space-based 142
  - thermionic 7
- diffusion 27, 53, 137, 170, 245
- digital communication 219, 238, 239
- digital information 261
- digital material feeding 142
- digital transformation 202
- direct energy deposition (DED) 44–47
- disinfectants 254
- dispersion 7, 25, 29–31, 45, 90, 108, 152, 159
- DNA 174, 200, 227, 268
- Doppler effect 258
- drones 214
- dynamo-electric machines 260
- dynamo-electric relays 260
- Dyson shape 88, 101
  
- earth 48, 50, 51, 72–74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 112, 113, 124, 187
- earth's shade 8
- earth's surface 201
- ECLS *see* environmental control life support
- E. coli* 178, 182, 183, 188

- efficiency 10, 12, 72, 78, 91, 100, 104, 148, 170, 240
  - biocide 175
  - combustion 240
- elastic modulus 24, 34, 37
- electrical conductivity 24, 135, 136, 138, 140, 238
- electrical field 135, 136, 139
- electrical machinery 212, 219, 225, 226
- electric digital data processing 259
- electric propulsion (EP) 13, 14, 148, 205, 211, 218, 225, 231, 238, 240, 243, 258
- electric solid state devices 260
- electromagnetic radiation 260
- electromechanical resonators 260
- electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR) 78
- Ellis model 146
- energy 3, 8, 11–13, 199, 201, 202, 212, 219, 221, 222, 225, 226, 244, 260
  - chemical 224, 253, 260
  - critical 148
  - electrical 224, 253
  - interfacial 37
  - magnetic anisotropy 97
  - radar monitoring 214
  - solar 10
- energy efficiency 8, 218, 221
- energy storage 3, 7, 205, 220–226, 246
- engine 225, 226, 244, 258
- environment 5, 29, 84, 85, 129, 161, 171, 176, 188, 214
  - aggressive 73, 111
  - closed 171, 189
  - controlled 150
  - gravity 131
  - harsh defense 122
  - hyperthermal 29
  - non-space 192
  - reduced gravity 131
  - spacecraft-induced 128
- environmental control life support (ECLS) 205, 227
- ENVISAT 50
- enzyme 174, 230, 257, 258
- enzymological processes 257
- EP *see* electric propulsion
- epidermis 180, 185, 186
- epoxies 5, 9
- EPR *see* electron paramagnetic resonance
- EPR line 83, 86, 89, 101
- EPR linewidth 81, 82, 86, 87, 89
- EPR signal 78, 79, 82–91, 96–102
- EPR spectrum 83–85, 96, 98, 100–102
- EVA *see* extra-vehicular activity
- exploration 1, 15, 192, 201, 202
- extra-vehicular activity (EVA) 204, 207
- fabrication 40, 41, 53, 55, 60, 140, 145, 146, 152–154
- fatigue 38, 72, 207
- FB *see* fullerene black
- FDC *see* fused deposition of ceramics
- FDM *see* fused deposition modelling
- fermentation 256, 257
- FFF *see* fused filament fabrication
- fiber 29, 40, 42, 46, 47, 72, 89, 245
  - aramid 181
  - chemical 75
  - composite Toray 101
  - conventional 28
  - cuprum Ural T-24-Cu 93
  - durable 89
  - glass 27
  - hydrate-cellulosed 75
  - nanotube 25
- field-emission electric propulsion 14

- filament 87, 88, 152–154, 157, 257
  - artificial 257
  - ceramic-filled thermoplastic 154
  - composite 40, 41
- fillers 24, 41, 47, 72–74, 76–78, 83, 87, 91, 92, 95–98, 103–107
  - active 150
  - ceramic 149
  - fullerene-derived 82
  - hybrid 78, 106, 108
  - inert 150
  - metal 105
  - micro-dispersed 74, 96
- film 79, 86, 189
  - composite 78
  - free standing 134
  - surface conditioning 173
  - thin 144
  - transfer 104
- first-aid kits 254
- foodstuffs 254, 255
- food system 158, 159
- force sensors 205, 240
- Franz cell 180
- Franz diffusion 188
- friction surface 95, 106, 107
- FS *see* fullerene soot
- fuel cell 7, 220, 222
- fuel combustor 145
- fullerene 4, 74, 85, 86, 94, 95, 207
- fullerene black (FB) 74, 83, 85, 94, 95
- fullerene soot (FS) 74, 83–85, 94, 95
- fungi 170, 172, 176, 178, 188
- fused deposition modelling (FDM) 152, 153, 157
- fused deposition of ceramics (FDC) 145, 153
- fused filament fabrication (FFF) 40, 41, 45–47
- garments 157, 159
- GEO 233, 235
- global navigation satellite system (GNSS) 205, 235
- glycidyl azide polymer 240
- GNSS *see* global navigation satellite system
- graphene 14, 48, 100, 201, 207, 208
- graphite 9, 74, 75, 98–104, 106–108, 143, 155
  - colloidal 75
  - cylindrical 74
  - powdered 98
  - turbostratic 87
- graphitoplastics 75, 103, 107
- gridded ion engine 13
- growth
  - bacterial 184
  - crystalline device 10
  - economic 208
  - log phase 187
  - microbial 170
- gyroscopic instruments 258
- Hall effect thruster 13
- harsh environment 126, 128, 130, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143–145, 147, 149, 151, 153–159
- heat dissipation 48, 105
- heat flux 27, 28, 30–32, 41
- herbicides 254
- heterocyclic compounds 256
- high-efficiency multistage plasma thruster 13
- hysteresis 97, 135
- IKAROS 14, 15
- industry 48, 203, 214, 218, 233, 235, 241, 245
  - aeronautics 145
  - agricultural 199
  - aircraft-building 77

- aviation 25
- commercial launch 194
- metallurgical 109
- renewable energy 222
- ink 45, 123, 130–134, 257
  - commercial silver 131
  - micro-/nanocomposite 146
  - nanocomposite 133
- intelligence 24, 235
  - artificial 199, 202
  - swarm 201
- interferometer 56–58
- investment 3, 193, 195, 197
- ion 52, 55, 174, 178, 259
- ion implantation 53–55
  
- Kevlar fabric 184
- Kevlar properties 187
  
- laser 14, 24, 26, 43, 51, 260
  - tunable 56
  - ultraviolet 146
- layered products 256
- layered silicates 28
- legal state 203, 208, 209, 215, 216, 223, 229, 236, 241, 242
- LEO *see* low earth orbit
- life support system 170, 205, 227–230, 232, 246
- light ion implantation 53
- lightweight ceramic ablator 31
- liquid resin 40, 42, 138
- lithium-ion battery 8, 9, 222
- low earth orbit (LEO) 5, 126, 130, 233, 268
- lubrication 91, 94, 106, 110
  
- machine 77, 95, 108, 109, 112, 113, 212, 232, 244
- macromolecular compounds 256, 257
- magnetic field 47, 80, 81, 97–99, 102, 159
- magnetic induction 78, 79, 83–91, 96–102
- magneto plasma dynamic 13
- material
  - ablative 26–28, 31, 32
  - agricultural 108
  - ceramic 144, 146, 152, 157
  - feedstock 125, 127
  - filament 152
  - fluent 255
  - glazing 127
  - high-temperature 145
  - homogeneous 43
  - microbial sensitive 175, 177
  - nanotechnology 23, 24
  - nano-thermoelectric 220
  - non-sensitive 188
  - packaging/padding 228
  - polar 51
  - polymer 79, 108
  - printed 133, 158
  - space-application 128
  - textile 181
  - turbines 226
  - wear-resistant 94
- MEMS *see* microelectromechanical systems
- MEO 233
- metal 8, 14, 24, 125, 130, 174, 177, 179, 181, 201, 207
- metal matrix composite (MMC) 41, 61, 207
- METOP 49, 50
- microblower 111, 112
- microcavities 106
- microelectromechanical systems (MEMS) 23–26, 50, 56, 57, 61, 145, 204, 213
- microgravity 125, 187, 227
- microinterferometer 51, 56–58
- micro-launcher 241
- microorganism 169–171, 230, 257
- microthruster 26, 59, 61
- miniaturization 50, 199, 200, 233

- Mir Space Station 170–172, 188  
 MISSE-8 5, 12  
 mission 3, 8, 13, 14, 24, 39, 49,  
 124, 127, 158, 170, 227, 228  
 MMC *see* metal matrix composite  
 MOEMS 204, 213, 268  
 MONBASA 221  
 montmorillonite 28–30  
 MOSAIC project 50  
 multiple quantum wells 10
- nanocomposites 24, 27, 28, 32, 40,  
 41, 43, 44, 48, 137, 138, 140,  
 245  
 ceramic 137  
 epoxy 122  
 matrix-based 42  
 metal matrix 44  
 polymer-based 41, 43  
 silicate 28
- nanofillers 24, 25, 27, 30, 31, 41,  
 72, 77, 207, 213  
 ceramic 48  
 clay 123  
 heat-sensitive 41  
 silicate 29
- nanomaterials 4, 10, 14, 60, 81,  
 122, 123, 139, 200, 201, 206,  
 207, 220, 235
- nanoparticles 25, 30, 78, 80, 86,  
 123, 130, 185, 189, 213, 214,  
 240, 245  
 ceramic 28, 31, 32, 41, 42  
 ferric oxide 90  
 metal 79  
 nickel 80  
 silver-based 123  
 superparamagnetic 79  
 superparamagnetic iron oxide  
 78
- nanosatellites 131, 142  
 nanosensors 206, 238  
 nanozones 35–37  
 navigation 194, 204, 258, 268  
 radio 205, 235, 236, 253, 258,  
 259  
 NEMS 206, 268
- optical analogue/digital converters  
 259  
 optical logic elements 259  
 optical operation 259  
 optical systems 57, 259  
 orbit 3, 6, 8, 13, 49, 128, 129, 197,  
 198  
 geostationary 201  
 low Earth 5, 126, 130  
 oxidation 33, 126, 128, 144, 154
- paraffin 80, 81, 89, 97, 101, 102  
 patents 123, 203, 208, 215, 216,  
 223, 229, 236, 241, 242,  
 245–249, 253, 261  
 patents trend 208, 215, 223, 229,  
 236, 241, 246  
 payload 3, 49, 50, 205, 233, 235,  
 248  
 PDCs *see* polymer-derived  
 ceramics  
 PEEK *see* poly-ether-ether-ketone  
 percolation threshold 5, 131  
 phenolic impregnated carbon  
 ablator 31  
 phenylone 93, 106, 113  
 photoinitiator 148, 151  
 photolithography 57, 60  
 photopolymerization 42, 151  
 planktonic cultures 187  
 plasma jet 34, 37, 38  
 plasma pretreatment 182  
 plasma spray torch 34  
 plasma treatment 181, 182  
 PMC *see* polymer matrix composite  
 poly-ether-ether-ketone (PEEK)  
 127, 131, 134, 144  
 polymer 24, 28, 41, 45, 72, 73, 77,  
 126, 128, 130, 134, 135, 150,  
 176, 177, 226

- glycidyl azide 240
- guanidine 174
- metal 105
- preceramic 154
- standard matrix 41
- thermoplastic 45, 152
- thermoset 123
- transparent 131
- polymer-derived ceramics (PDCs)
  - 150, 151
- polymer matrix 28, 72, 73, 76, 78, 96, 104–106, 108
- polymer matrix composite (PMC)
  - 26, 143
- pores 36, 46, 150
  - micron 38
  - submicron 38
- porosity 9, 36, 86, 105
- powders 35, 40, 44, 45, 89, 97, 99–102, 153, 240
  - ceramic 152
  - composite 42, 43, 90
  - compressed 89
  - conventional 37
  - dense 89
  - feedstock 33, 37
  - free filled 101
  - nano-aluminum 240
  - nanocomposite 41
  - nanometric 240
  - nanostructured agglomerated
    - 35
  - refractory 34
- power distribution 3, 205, 218, 223, 224, 226, 246
- power generation 3, 7, 9, 11, 205, 218, 223–226, 246
- printing 125, 127, 128, 130, 132, 135, 139, 140, 142, 153, 157, 159, 160, 257, 259
- proliferation 171–174, 184, 189, 254
  - bacterial 184
  - fungal 176
  - microbial 228
- propellant 3, 13, 14, 60, 205, 240
- propeller 60, 258
- properties
  - ablative 28
  - anisotropic 98
  - antibacterial 174, 177, 179, 189
  - antifriction 105, 107
  - chemical 50, 73
  - elastic 105
  - electrical 5, 24, 154, 220
  - electromagnetic 48, 143, 144
  - electronic 77, 78, 96, 98
  - ferromagnetic 78
  - frictional 105
  - heat-conducting 98
  - light-emitting 86
  - magnetic 77, 78, 81, 96, 260
  - paramagnetic 91
  - physicomechanical 75, 104
  - rheological 130, 135, 159
  - semiconductor 88
  - suspension 38
  - thermodynamic 159
  - triboelectric 128
  - tribotechnical 91, 108
  - viscoelastic 134
- propulsion 1, 3, 13, 258
  - chemical 13, 205
  - electric 13, 205, 240, 258
  - jet 258
  - vehicle 222
- protein 51, 159, 174, 227
  - adhesin 173
  - cardiac reactive 51
  - single cell 256
- Pseudomonas aeruginosa* 188
- pump 84, 225, 226, 244
- pyrolysis 27, 137, 138, 146, 150–152
- quad confinement thruster 13
- quantum confinement effects 10

- quantum dot arrays 10, 12  
quantum dots 10, 12, 201
- radar 61, 131, 205, 214, 233
- radiation 12, 14, 27, 73, 128, 129, 131, 260  
galactic cosmic 128  
ionizing 126  
ionizing particle 5
- radio waves 236, 253, 258, 259
- Ralstonia paucula* 188
- reduction 28, 30, 41, 43, 108, 109, 112, 113, 122, 125, 178, 184, 200, 228, 233
- refractive index 54, 55, 57, 58, 148, 149
- resin 45, 46, 148, 151  
epoxy 45  
liquid thermosetting 136  
organic 31  
phenolic 27, 31
- resistance 73, 92, 112, 126, 134, 144, 207  
chemical 108  
mechanical 73  
puncture 186  
thermal cycling 37
- resonator 24, 26, 89, 260
- reusable launch vehicle technology 241
- robotics 201, 204, 213, 214, 246
- SAR *see* synthetic aperture radar
- satellite 8, 49, 50, 61, 127, 192–194, 205, 214, 220, 234, 235, 248  
earth-orbiting 1, 8  
micro-nano 50  
self-fabricating 49
- satellite payload 233, 235, 253
- satellite phones 192
- satellite radio 194
- S. aureus* 172, 176, 178, 181–184, 188
- semiconductor 218, 219, 225, 244, 248
- sensor 3, 23–26, 50, 51, 61, 131, 144, 204, 213, 216–219, 238, 246  
attitude 59  
biological 51  
chemical 50, 61, 238  
electro-optics 26  
high-end 200  
high-speed optical 59  
innovative 213  
optical space 26
- signal 32, 75, 79, 83, 86, 88, 90, 91, 194, 245
- silica 27, 28, 50, 136, 177, 179, 181, 188  
globular 188  
silver nanocluster 178
- sintering 29, 37, 146, 147, 152–154  
pressure-less 157
- SLM 41, 42, 45–47
- SLS 41, 45–47
- solar array 8, 49, 126
- solar cell 1, 7, 9, 10, 12, 50
- solar sails 14, 15
- solidification 146, 157
- solid rocket motor (SRM) 26, 30
- SPS *see* suspension plasma spraying
- SRM *see* solid rocket motor
- Stenotrophomonas maltophilia* 188
- stereolithography 145–148, 150–152, 154
- substrate 33, 34, 36, 44, 53, 54, 127, 131, 144, 177–179, 188  
polymeric bulk 178
- silicon 57  
standard 53  
superalloy 33  
textile 181
- susceptibility 86, 98, 170, 186
- suspension 38, 173, 176, 183

- suspension plasma spraying (SPS) 37, 38
- synergetic effect 97, 100
- synthetic aperture radar (SAR) 205, 233, 235, 263, 265
- TBC *see* thermal barrier coating
- TBC system 35–37
- TEG *see* thermally expanded graphite
- tensile strength 4, 7, 25, 88
- TERRA 50
- test 32, 87, 110, 111, 113, 176, 179, 181, 183, 186, 227, 234
  - abrasion 186
  - bench factory 113
  - high-enthalpy 29
  - immersion 176, 177
  - industrial 110
  - mechanical 157
  - plasma wind tunnel 32
  - qualification 127
- textile 169, 181, 185, 186, 245, 257
  - technical 170
  - uncoated 183
- thermal barrier coating (TBC) 32, 33, 35, 37, 38
- thermal conductivity 5, 33, 34, 37, 38, 143, 144, 207, 220
- thermal cycling 5, 134, 186
- thermal insulation 31–33, 37, 60, 126, 220
- thermally expanded graphite (TEG) 99, 100
- thermally grown oxide 33
- thermally split graphite (TSG) 74, 75, 102–104
- thermal protection system (TPS) 26, 28, 31, 145, 238
- thermal treatment 134, 181
- thermoplastic polyurethane elastomer nanocomposite (TPU) 30, 134, 135
- thermoplastics 27, 72, 123, 125, 127, 144, 160, 238
- TPS *see* thermal protection system
- TPU *see* thermoplastic polyurethane elastomer nanocomposite
- tribotechnical characteristics 77, 95, 103, 104, 107
- TSG *see* thermally split graphite
- turbine 225, 226, 244
- UAV *see* unmanned aerial vehicle
- UDD *see* ultra-dispersed diamond
- ultra-dispersed diamond (UDD) 74, 87, 92
- ultrahigh-temperature ceramic 156
- unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) 24, 26, 61
- UV laser 50, 147
- UV penetration 42, 46
- UV radiation 5, 6, 42, 126
- vacuum 5, 15, 54, 83, 127, 129, 158
- van der Waals bonds 98
- vehicle 112, 129, 242, 256, 258
  - cargo 228
  - electric 8
  - fuel-cell-based 223
  - land 258
  - reentry 26
  - unmanned aerial 24, 26
- viscosity 46, 146, 148, 153, 154
- waste 48, 124, 125, 228
  - human metabolic 228
  - mission 228
  - organic 228
- waste management 188, 227, 228
- waveguides 53, 55–58, 260
- wear 94, 95, 104–108, 110, 144
  - catastrophic 103
  - friction weight 92

linear 106  
minimal load 103  
nozzle 41

wear intensity 104–107  
wear resistance 77, 93, 104–107,  
109

*“The space sector and the field of nanotechnology are fascinating and each of them independently offers innovation opportunities. This book presents examples of the application of nanotechnology in the space sector, which has actually multiplied the effects of the challenges dictated by peculiar space environments and operations. Although it introduces only the first few steps in this direction, the broad spectrum of considered disciplines and products, from power and propulsion to optoelectronics, from thermal ablative materials to additive manufactured nanocomposites and new printable materials, from antibacterial coatings to MEMS/nano- and biodevices, showcase the potentials of this new sector very well and may even suggest to the readers further brilliant ideas to be applied in their specific situations. The book is recommended not only for students or professionals interested in the space sector but also to those looking for business spin-offs from the space to day-by-day life; thanks to the comprehensive picture on the space economy market linked to nanotechnology, presented in the last chapter of the book.”*

**Prof. Dr. Eng. Piero Messidoro**  
Politecnico di Torino, Turin, Italy

**Former CTO of Thales Alenia Space Italy, and Deputy CTO VP for R&D, Technology and Product Policy of Thales Alenia Space**

*“Written by internationally known experts, this book summarizes the state-of-the-art research developments for using nanotechnology in space. It covers a wide range of nanomaterials (from carbon nanotubes and semiconductor quantum dots to polymer composites and printable ceramics) and functional applications (from solar cells and lithium-ion batteries to antibacterial surfaces). Each chapter is clearly written and will be interesting for a wide audience of researchers, engineers, and students.”*

**Prof. E. A. Katz**

**Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Israel**

This book presents selected topics on nanotechnological applications in the strategic sector of space. It showcases some current activities and multidisciplinary approaches that have given an unprecedented control of matter at the nanoscale and will enable to withstand the unique space environment. It focuses on the outstanding topic of dual-use nanotechnologies, illustrating the mutual benefits of key enabling materials that can be used successfully both on earth and in space. It highlights the importance of the space as a strategic sector in the global economy, with ever-increasing related businesses worldwide. In this light, it dedicates a chapter to the analysis of current and future markets for space-related nanotechnological products and applications.



**Maria Letizia Terranova** is an honorary professor of materials chemistry at the University of Rome “Tor Vergata,” Italy, where she teaches nanostructured materials and solid state characterizations. She holds 5 patents and is author of more than 340 articles published in international peer-reviewed journals and co-editor of 8 books.



**Emanuela Tamburri** is an assistant professor at the Department of Chemical Science and Technologies, University of Rome “Tor Vergata,” where she is a docent of general and inorganic chemistry and chemistry of materials for molecular electronics. She holds 2 patents and is author of more than 125 articles published in indexed peer-reviewed journals.

 **JENNY STANFORD**  
PUBLISHING

