

Index

The bold numbers indicate the definition or explanation of the term.

- abortive complex **20**
- acetylcholine 5, 6
- acetylcholine esterase **5**, 32, 149
- acrylamide 138, 224
- activation energy **3**, 4, 65, 237
- activation volume **67**, 71, 72
- activationless ground state
 - H-tunneling 239
- active site **117**
- active transport **7**
- adenylate cyclase 180
- adenylyl imidodiphosphate
 - (AMP-PNP) 190
- affinity chromatography 221, 222
- agarose **219**
- agarose gel electrophoresis 10–12
- alcohol dehydrogenase 9–10, 50
- aldehyde dehydrogenase 9–12, 50
- allosteric effector 161, **166**, 167
- allosteric site **166**, 167, 173
- α,β -methylene adenosine
 - diphosphate (AMP-PCP) 190
- α helix 103
- amino acid, 21st, 22nd **91**
- amino acid residue **92**, 93
- amino group 146
- ammonium sulfate 217, 218, 230, 231
- AMP-PCP 190
- AMP-PNP 190
- ampholite 225
- apoenzyme 118
 - apoprotein 118
- Arrhenius equation **3**, 65, 236
- Arrhenius pre-exponential factor
 - 238
- aspartic transcarbamoylase
 - (ATCase) 165
- association constant **22**
- asymmetric or chiral carbon **87**
- β pleated sheet (β sheet) **103**, 104
- biotin 118, **125**
- calmodulin **109**, 110
- cAMP 179, **180**, 182
- cAMP-dependent protein kinase
 - 179, 180
- carbonic anhydrase **6**, 7
- carbonyl group 146
- carboxyl group **88**, 125, 147, 175
- catalysis **1**, 87
- catalytic subunit 181, 182, 184, 185
- cellulose 219, 226, 230, 231
- channeling of substrates and products 195
 - in tryptophan synthase 200
 - in heterotetrameric sarcosine oxidase 201
- chemical modification **6**, 145
 - of *Pseudomonas* Phe oxidase 152
 - of *Aspergillus* amine oxidase 156
- chiral carbon **87**

- chymotrypsin **68–72**
 chymotrypsinogen **68**, 173, 174
 circular dichroism (CD) 25, 77,
 105, **106**
 cleavage of peptide bond **95**, 173,
 174
 coenzyme A **118–120**, 127
 cofactor 118
 protein-derived 127
 coiled coil **109–111**
 column chromatography **218**, 219,
 230
 competitive inhibition **44–48**
 concerted model (MWC model)
 169
 continuous-flow method **76**
 covalent modification 141, **173**,
 178
 CTQ **128**, 134
 cysteine tryptophylquinone **128**,
 134
 lysine ϵ -oxidase 134
 quinoxemoprotein amine
 dehydrogenase 134
 cysteine sulfinic acid, cysteine
 sulfenic acid **138**, 139
 in nitrile hydratase, NHase 139
 claw setting for NO in the active
 site of NHase **139**
- de Broglie wavelength 236
 dehydrogenase **120**
 dextran **219**
 dideoxy method **96**, 98
 diethylenetriocarbonate 150
 diffusion-controlled 32
 diisopropylfluorophosphate (DFP)
 149
 dimethylglycine oxidase, DMGO
 202, 208, 209
- dissociation constant **21**, 22, 42,
 45–47, 53, 55, 64, 182, 186,
 235, 239
 DNA polymerase 9–11, 98, 151
 DNA sequencing 96, 98
 DNP method **93**
 domain 8, **172**, **173**, 182, 183, 242
 DTNB {5,5'-dithiobis(2-
 nitrobenzoic acid)} 146, **148**
 Ellman reagent 148, 160
- Eadie plot 40
 Edman degradation **93**, 94
 EF hand motif 109, **110**
 electron crystallography 8, **9**
 electrophoresis 12, 98, 155, **223**,
 226, 231
 electrostatic interaction 99
 enthalpy of activation 69
 entropy of activation 69–70
 enzyme kinetics **17**
 enzyme specificity **2**, 31
 enzyme-substrate (ES) complex
 18, 20, 55, 58
 Eyring equation **64**
 Eyring plot **239**
- feedback inhibition 165, **166**
 feedforward activation **166**
 first-order rate constant 18, 77,
 83, **84**, 154
 first-order reaction **80**, 83, 154
 flavin adenine dinucleotide (FAD)
 118, 120–121
 flavin mononucleotide (FMN) 118,
 120–121

- flow method **25**, 75, 79, 190
 folate 118, 122–124
 formylglycine **137**, 138
 biogenesis 138
 sulfatase **138**
 free energy of activation **63**
- G protein **179**, 180
 gel filtration chromatography 220, **221**
 genetic testing 10
 glucose 12, 13, 17, 18, 170
 glucose oxidase **12**, 13, 42
 Greek key **109**, 111
 Greek numbers and alphabets 255
 guanine nucleotide-binding protein 179
 guanine nucleotide exchange factor 180
 Guggenheim plot **84**
- H⁺, K⁺-ATPase **7**, 8
 hairpin β **111**
 Hanes plot 40
 heme 25, 118, **121**
 hemoglobin 76, **121**, 166, 169, 170, 226, 263
 heterotetrameric sarcosine oxidase, HTSO 201
 oxidation-reduction-dependent conformation change of 204, 207, 211
 channeling of substrates and products in 202–211
 tunnel analysis of 203
 heterotropic effect **167**
 heterotropic interaction **166**
- Hill coefficient **168–169**, 171, 182
 Hill equation **168**, 192
 Hill plot **168**, 171
 His-tagged recombinant enzyme 222
 holoenzyme 118
 holoprotein 118
 homeostasis **165**
 homology-modeling 107
 homotropic effect **166**
 homotropic interaction **167**
 hydrogen bond 68, **100**, 103, 104
 hydrogen quantum tunneling (hydrogen tunneling) **236**
 hydrophobic interaction **100**, 183, 231
- initial burst **186–188**
 iodoacetamide, iodoacetate 147
 ion exchangers 219
 isoelectric focusing **225**, 226
 isoelectric point **225**, 231
- k_{cat} **30**, 234, 235
 $k_{\text{cat}}/K_{\text{m}}$ **31**, 112
 kinetic isotope effect **236**, 238, 249
 King–Altman's method **253**
- lactate dehydrogenase 59, 77, **112**, 119, 121, 161
 Law of coulomb **99**
 leucine zipper 110
 Lineweaver–Burk plot **40**
 loop 108, 109, **111–113**, 260

- LTQ **128**, 132
 lysyl tyrosylquinone **128**, 132
 biogenesis 133
 lysyl oxidase 132, 133
- Michaelis–Menten equation **20**,
 23–24, 35, 40, 50
 Michaelis–Menten mechanism 17,
 31, **35**, 53, 60, 64, 75, 253
 MIO **128**, 136
 4-methylidene-5-imidazole-5-one
128, 136
 biogenesis 136
 histidine ammonia lyase 137
 phenylalanine ammonia lyase 136
 mixed type inhibition **46**, 49
 mutarotation 17,**18**, 21
- N-ethymaleimide (NEM) 148
 NAD⁺ 112, 118, **119**
 NADP⁺ 26, 118, **119**
 neurotransmission 5
 non-competitive inhibition **45–48**
- obligatory complex 20
 ordered bi-bi mechanism **41**
 overlapping method **96–97**
 oxidase **120**
 oxidative deamination 152, 229,
232, 233, 244, 246, 248
 oxygenation 232, 248
 oxygenative decarboxylation 152,
 229, **232**, 233, 244, 246,
 249
- L-phenylalanine oxidase
 (deaminating and
 decarboxylating) 229
- phenylglyoxal 146, 150, 153
 phenylhydrazine, PH **146**
 modification of carbonyl group by
 146, 157–159
 phosphoryl transfer reaction
 188–190, 191
 phosphorylation 8, 173, **178**, 181,
 183, 184, 188
 physical constants 255
 Ping-Pong bi-bi mechanism **42–43**,
 50
 pK_a 58, 90
 polyacrylamide **219**, 223, 224
 polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis
 (PAGE) 98, 220, **223**
 polypeptide **92–95**, 97, 102–104,
 106, 109, 173, 227
 PQQ **128**, 129
 pyrroloquinoline quinone **128**,
 129
 biogenesis 129
 in glucose dehydrogenase 130
 primary structure **92**, 105, 107
 proenzyme 107, **173**
 prosequence **173**, 175, 229,
 241–243
 prosthetic group 25, 62, **118**, 120
 protein kinase 109, **179–181**
 protein kinase A **179–181**, 189
 proton pump 6–7
 pseudo-first-order treatment 79,
82, 83
 pyridoxal phosphate (PLP) 118,
122, 123
 pyrrolysine **91**, 128

- pyruvate kinase 166, **171–173**
 pyruvoyl (pyruvate) **128**, 135
 biogenesis 135
 pyruvoyl-dependent
 decarboxylase 135
- quantum tunneling 62, **236**
- random bi-bi mechanism 41–42
 rapid equilibrium (or
 quasi-equilibrium) 21, 42,
 45, 46, 169, 192
 rapid freezing method 77, 78
 reaction specificity **2**, 244,
 246–249
 regulatory subunit 181, 182
 RS notation (Cahn–Ingold–Prelog
 notation) **89**
- salting out **216**, 217
 sarin 6
 Schiff base **122**
 SDS-PAGE 220, **223–227**, 231
 second-order reaction 79, 81–83
 selenocysteine **91**, 128
 sequential model (KNF model)
 169
 site-directed mutagenesis 145,
 151, **152**, 161
 sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) 155,
 220, **223**
 sodium dodecyl sulfate
 polyacrylamide gel
 electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE)
 220, 223–227, 231
- specificity constant **31**
 steady state **27**
 steady state method **24**, 29
 stoichiometry 8, 156, **232**
 stopped-flow method **25**, 77, 234
 substrate specificity **2**, 244–246
 sulfhydryl group 120, 147–149
 supersecondary structure (motif)
 108
- tertiary structure 106
 tetrahedron 87
 5,6,7,8-tetrahydrofolate (THF) 124
 tetranitromethane (TNM) 149
 thiamine diphosphate (TDP) 124,
 125
 thiamine pyrophosphate (TPP)
 118, 124, **125**
 TPQ **128**, 130
 topaquinone **128**, 130
 biogenesis of 131
 in copper amine oxidase 130,
 132, 156
 transition state analogue **62**
 transition state theory 4, **61**, 62
 triose phosphate isomerase 4, 111
 trypsin 101, 173–178
 trypsinogen 101, 173–178
 tryptophan synthase, TRPS 195
 allosteric regulation of 199
 catalytic mechanism of 196, 197
 3D structural change of 196, 197
 channeling of substrates and
 products in 196, 197, 200
 TTQ **128**, 133
 tryptophan tryptophyl quinone
 128, 133
 biogenesis of 133, 134
 methylamine dehydrogenase
 133, 134

- two-dimensional gel
 - electrophoresis 226
- Tyr-tRNA synthetase reaction 78–79
- uncompetitive inhibition **46**, 47, 49, 50
- useful software and data banks 256
- van der Waals force 99, **101–102**
- van der Waals radius 102
- zero-order reaction **79, 80**
- the zero point energy 236, 249
- zinc finger 109–111
- zymogen 173

“The relationship between the structure and the function of enzymes, despite their efficient and superior catalytic function, has been a mystery. Through the recent precise analysis of the structure of the active site, this book presents an easy-to-understand and visual explanation of the mechanism by which the catalytic function is generated. It provides a deep insight into the further development of enzyme science and the practical use of enzymes.”

Professor Emeritus Hidehiko Kumagai
Ishikawa Prefectural University, Japan

“This book carefully describes the basics of enzymology, including the derivation of rate equations in enzyme kinetics. Regarding the molecular mechanism of enzyme reaction based on structural analysis, the new research results obtained by Prof. Suzuki and his colleagues make it possible to touch the forefront of research. The book will be useful not only for undergraduate students interested in enzymes but also for researchers. Rich literature and end-of-chapter problems are very helpful for the readers who want to learn more deeply.”

Former Professor Yasuzo Nishina
Kumamoto University, Japan

The first edition of this book covered the basic treatment of the enzyme reaction using the overall reaction kinetics and stopped-flow method, the general properties of protein and cofactors, the control of enzyme reaction, and the preparation of enzyme protein. These topics are the basis of enzyme research and thus suitable for the beginner in the field. The second edition presents the cofactors produced via the post-translational modification of the enzyme's active site. These cofactors expand the function of enzymes and open a new research field. The carbonyl reagent phenylhydrazine and related compounds have been useful in finding some of the newly discovered cofactors and thus have been discussed in this edition. The topic of the control of enzyme activity through the channel of substrates and products in polyfunctional enzymes has also been expanded in this book.



Haruo Suzuki is professor emeritus at Kitasato University, Tokyo, Japan. He graduated from Tokyo Metropolitan University in 1966. Then he majored in biochemistry from the Graduate School of the University of Tokyo in 1971 and received a DSci degree in the same year. After postdoc in the United States, Dr. Suzuki worked at Aichi Prefectural Colony, Japan, and then at Kitasato University. His research was on the structure–function relationship of enzymes and on the control of hemoglobin biosynthesis.



JENNY STANFORD
PUBLISHING

